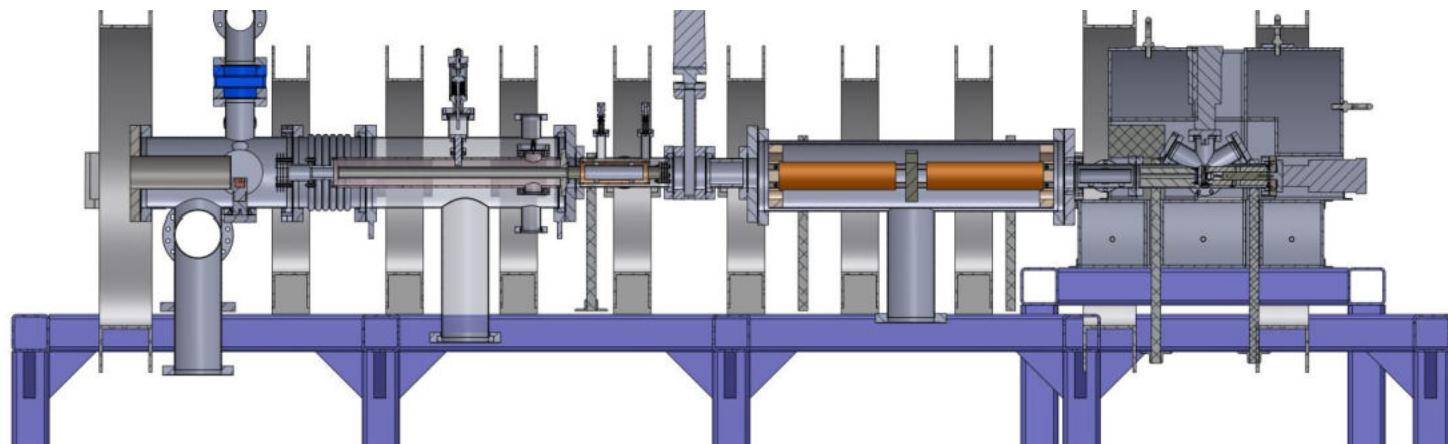


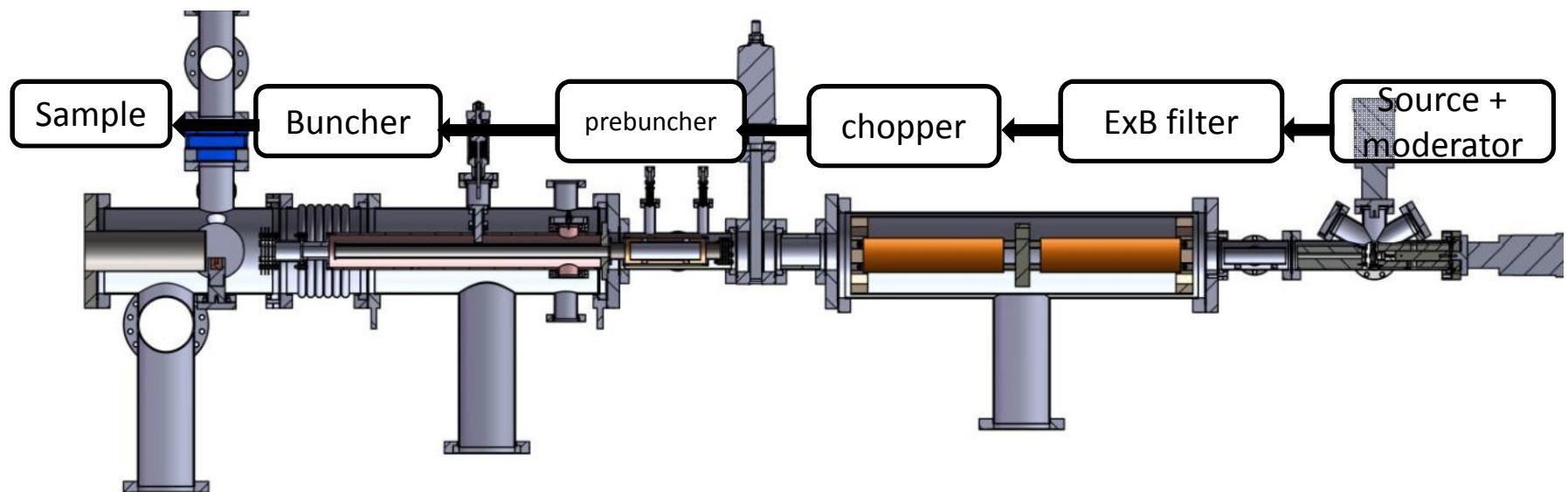
Pulsed positron beamline at BARC, India- preliminary results



Saurabh Mukherjee

LAYOUT of the presentation

1. Overall setup of pulsed beam at BARC
2. RF section
3. Recent results- Silicon and NBR (Nitrile Butadiene Rubber)



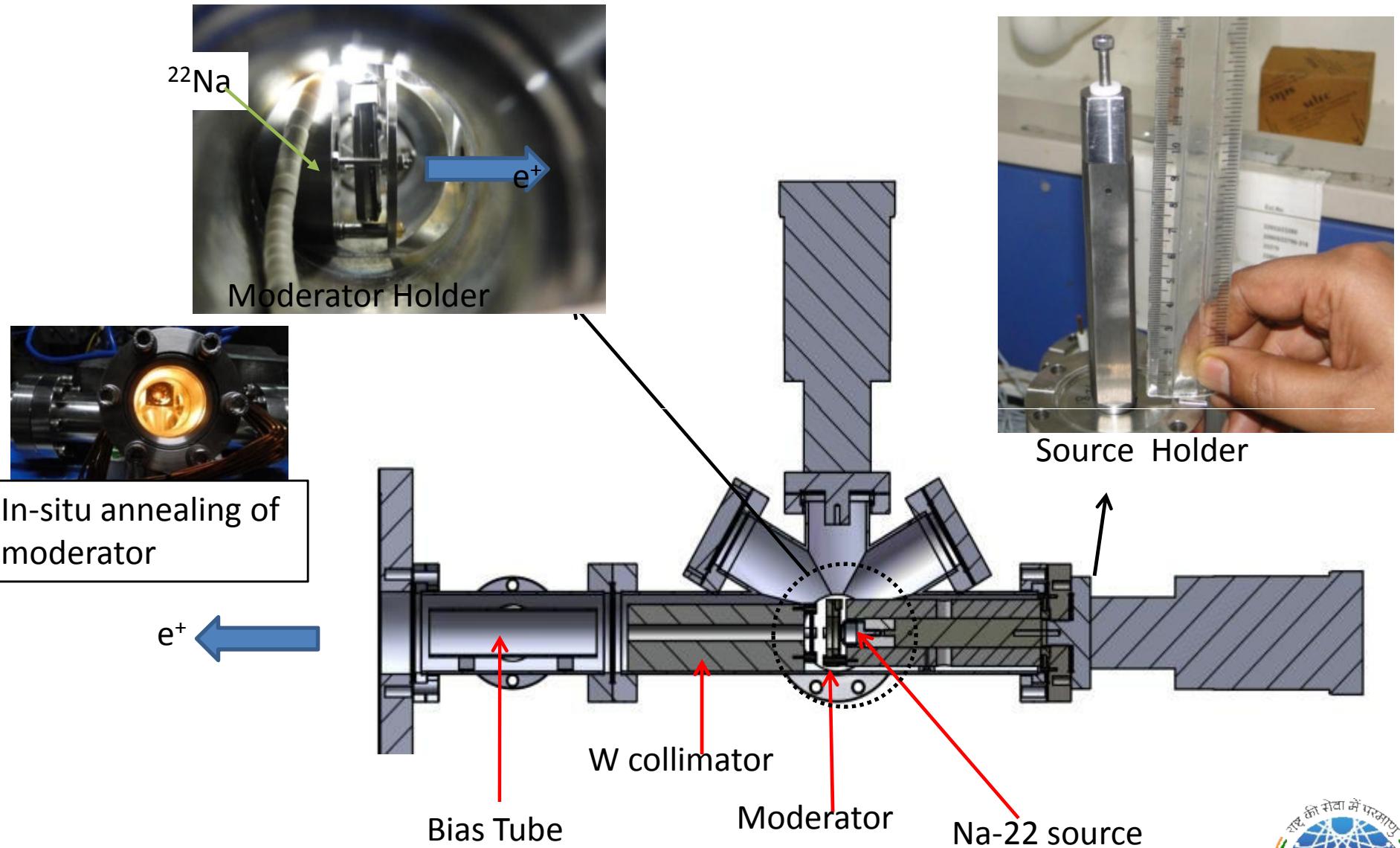
PULSING OF SLOW POSITRONS FOR VARIABLE-ENERGY POSITRON LIFETIME SPECTROSCOPY

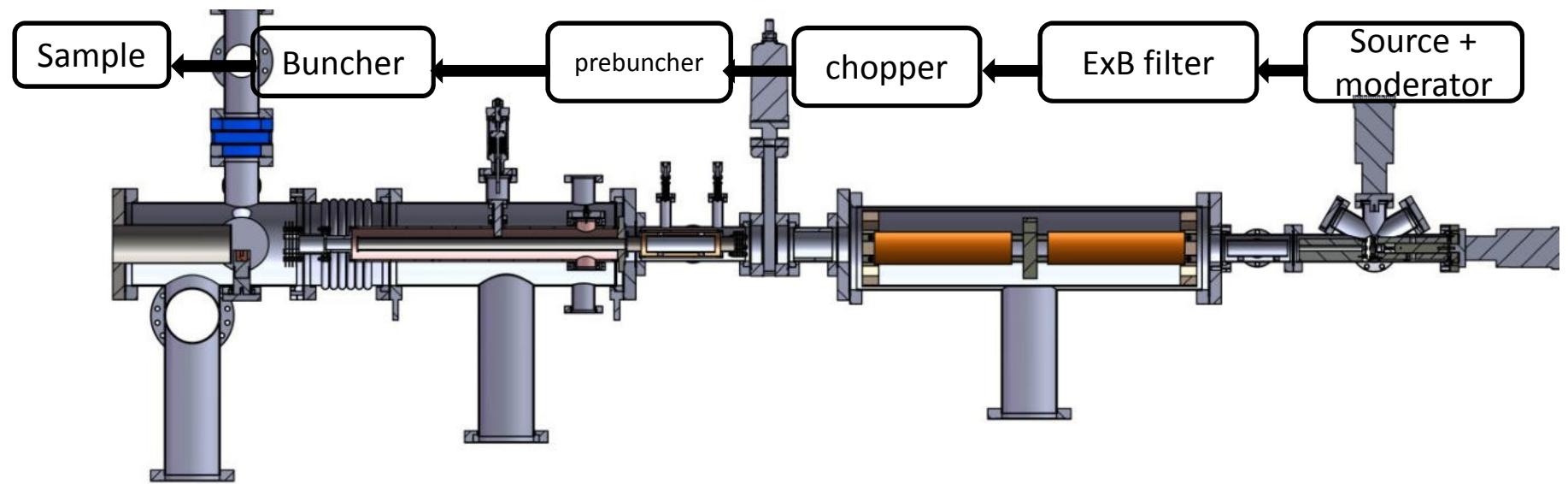
R. Suzuki, Y. Kobayashi*, T. Mikado, H. Ohgaki, M. Chiwaki,
T. Yamazaki and T. Tomimasu**

Electrotechnical Laboratory, 1-1-4 Umezono, Tsukuba, Ibaraki 305, Japan
*National Chemical Laboratory for Industry, 1-1 Higashi, Tsukuba, Ibaraki 305, Japan

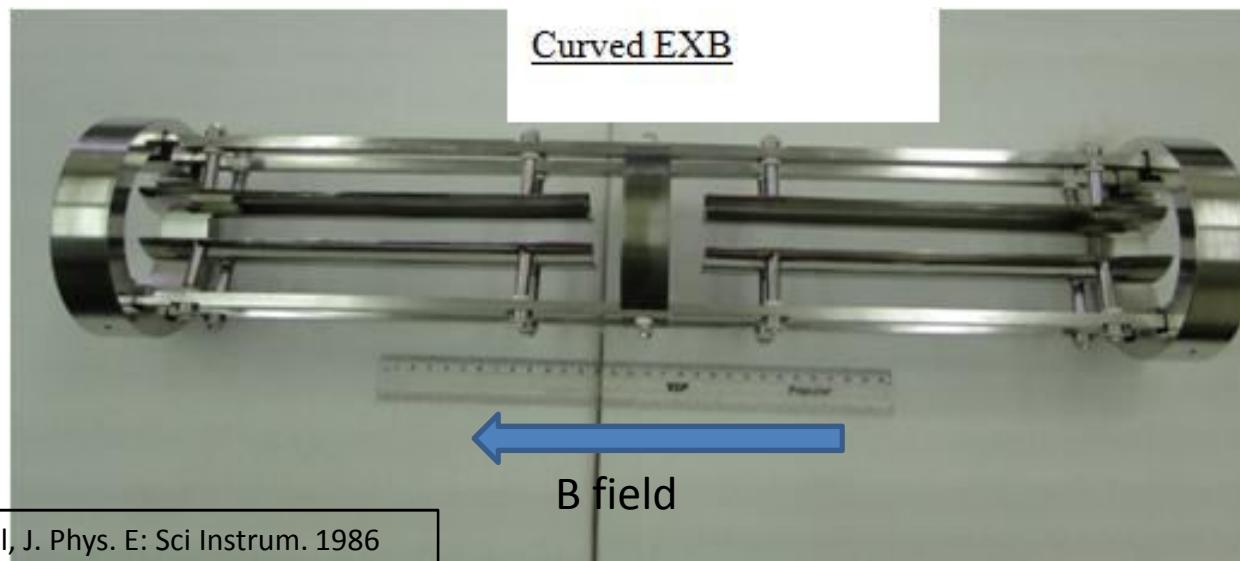
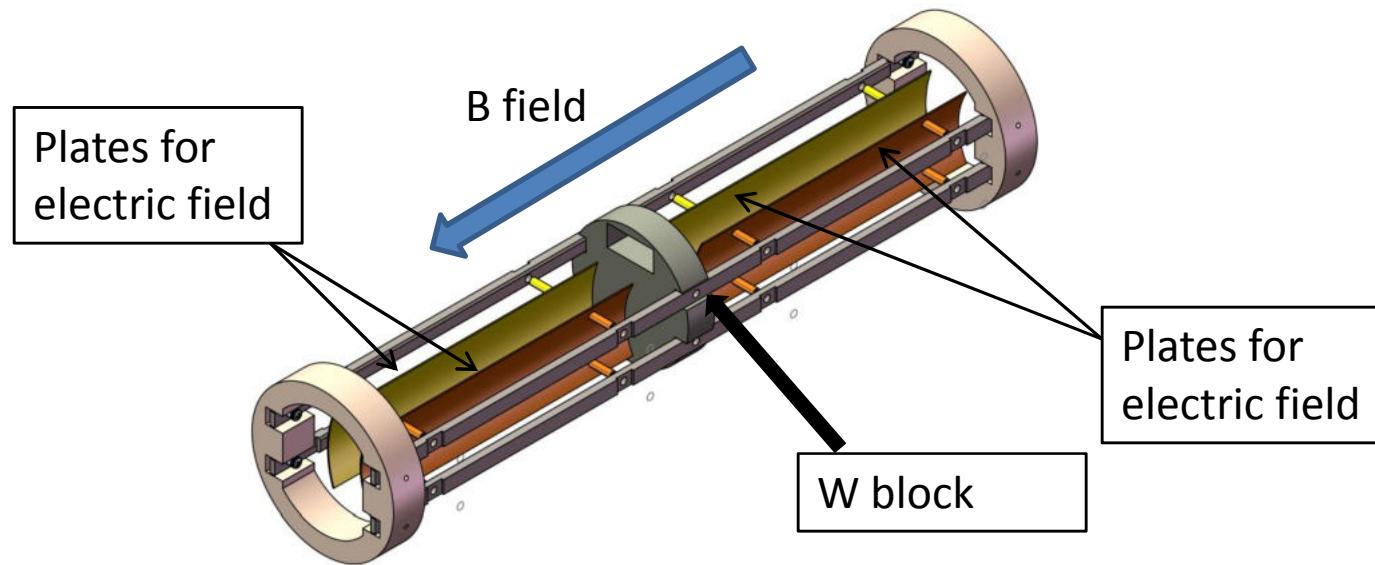
Solid State Phenomena Vols 28-29 (1992) pp 365-0

SOURCE and MODERATOR

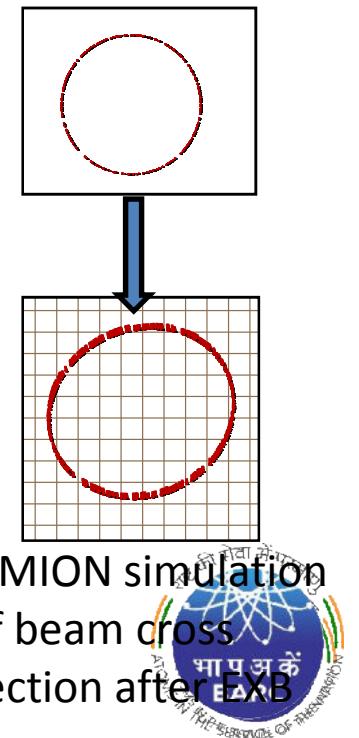


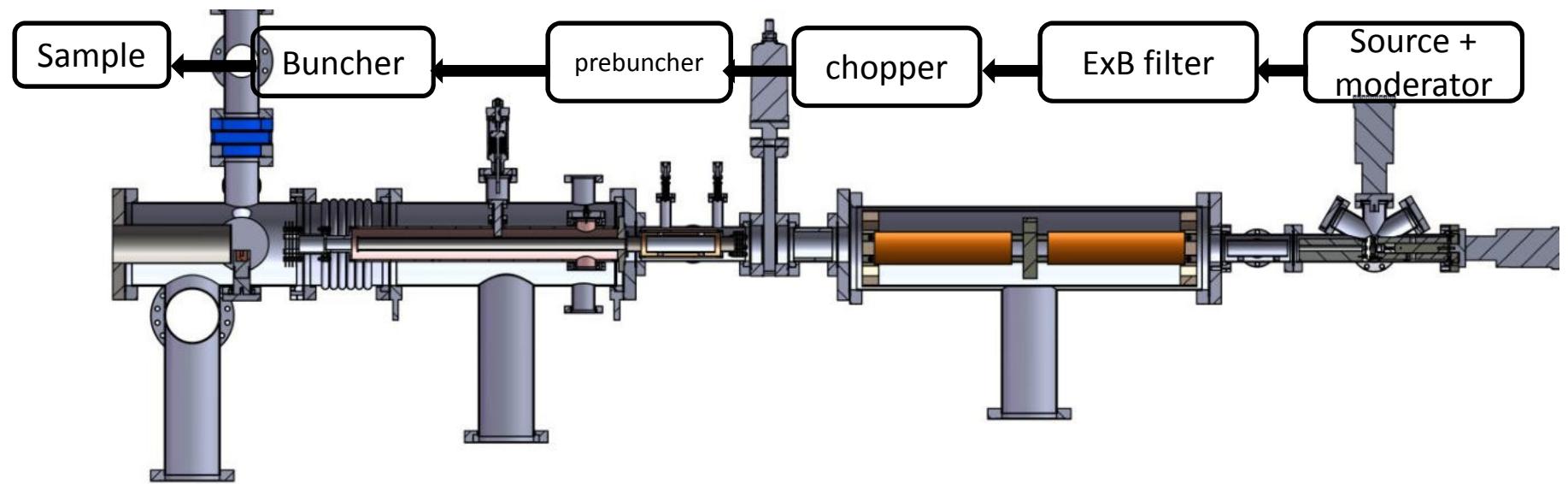


ExB Filter

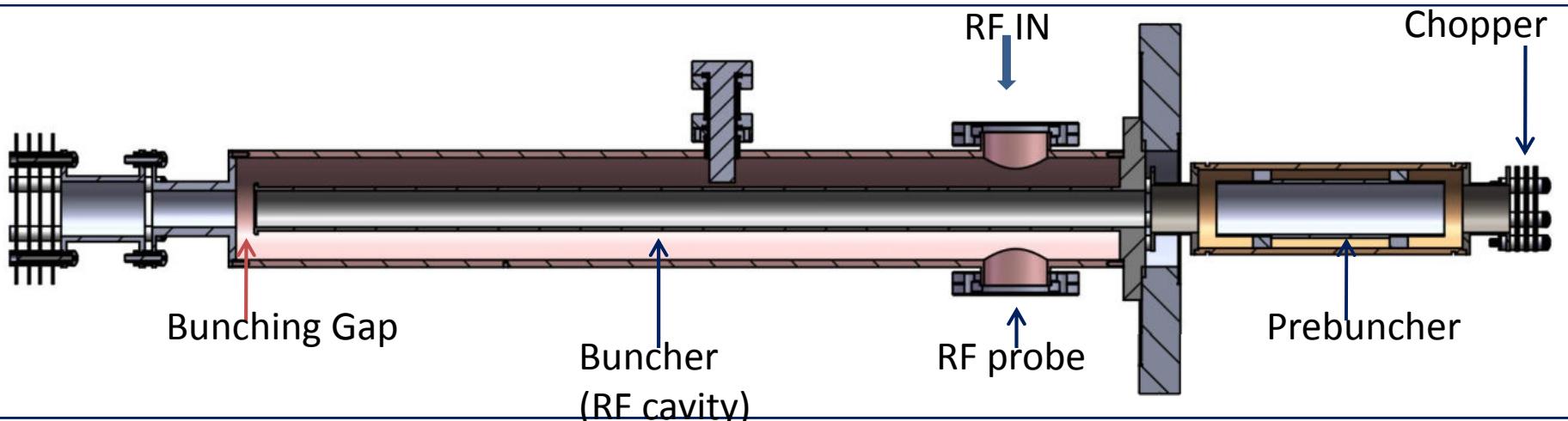


S. Hutchins et al, J. Phys. E: Sci Instrum. 1986

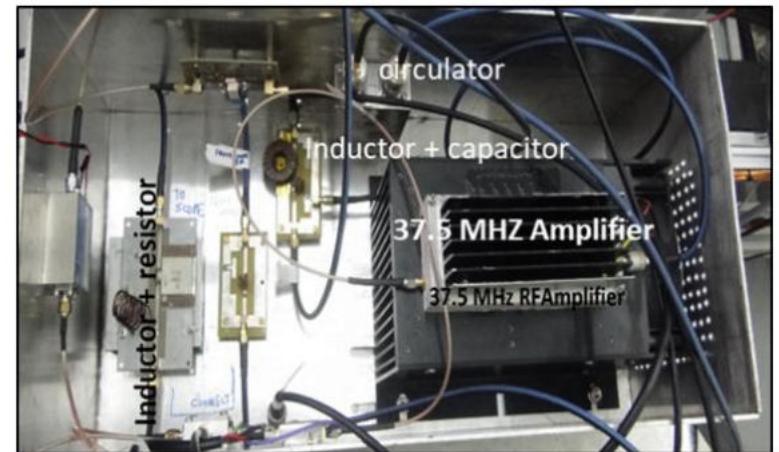
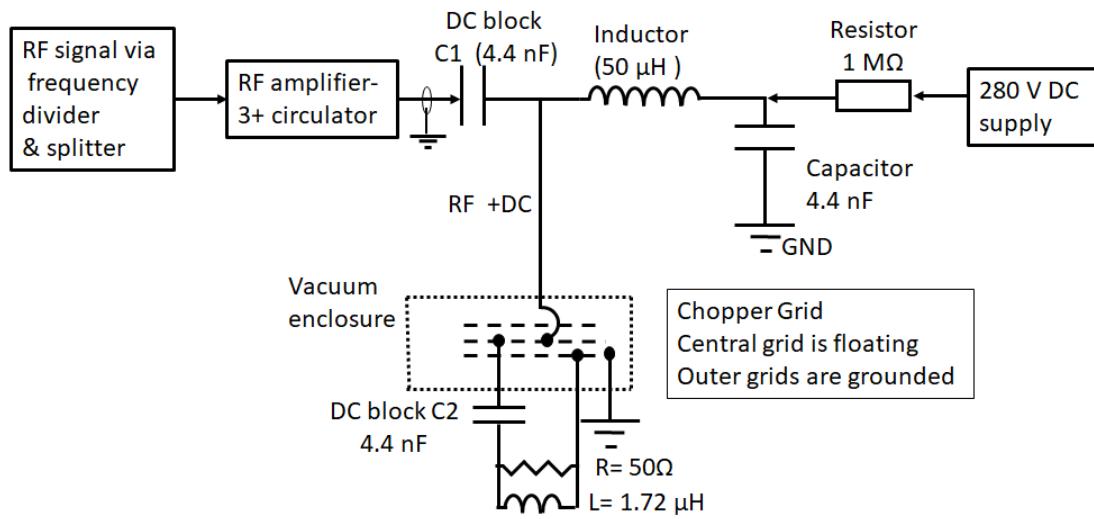




Chopper, prebuncher and Buncher

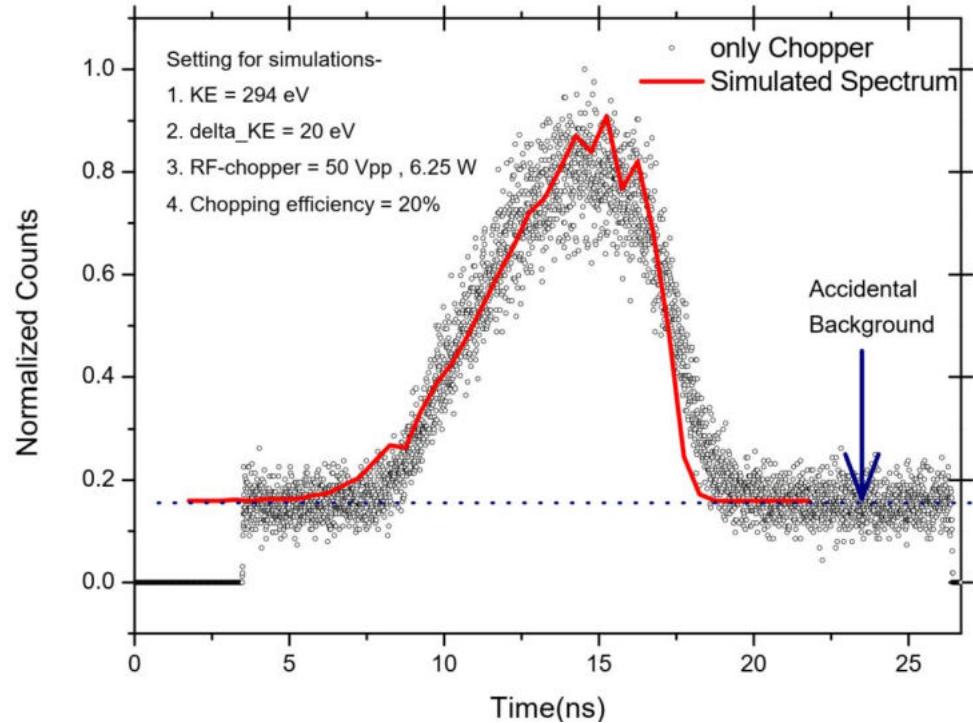
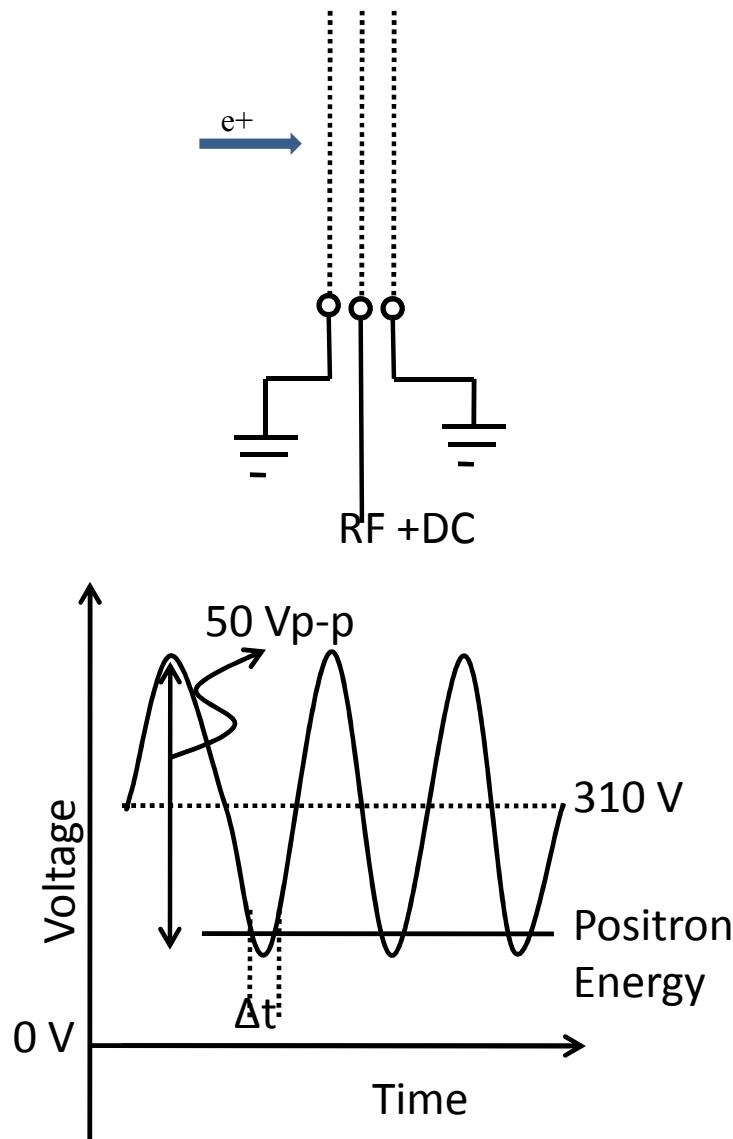


Chopper – circuit for sine wave pulsing

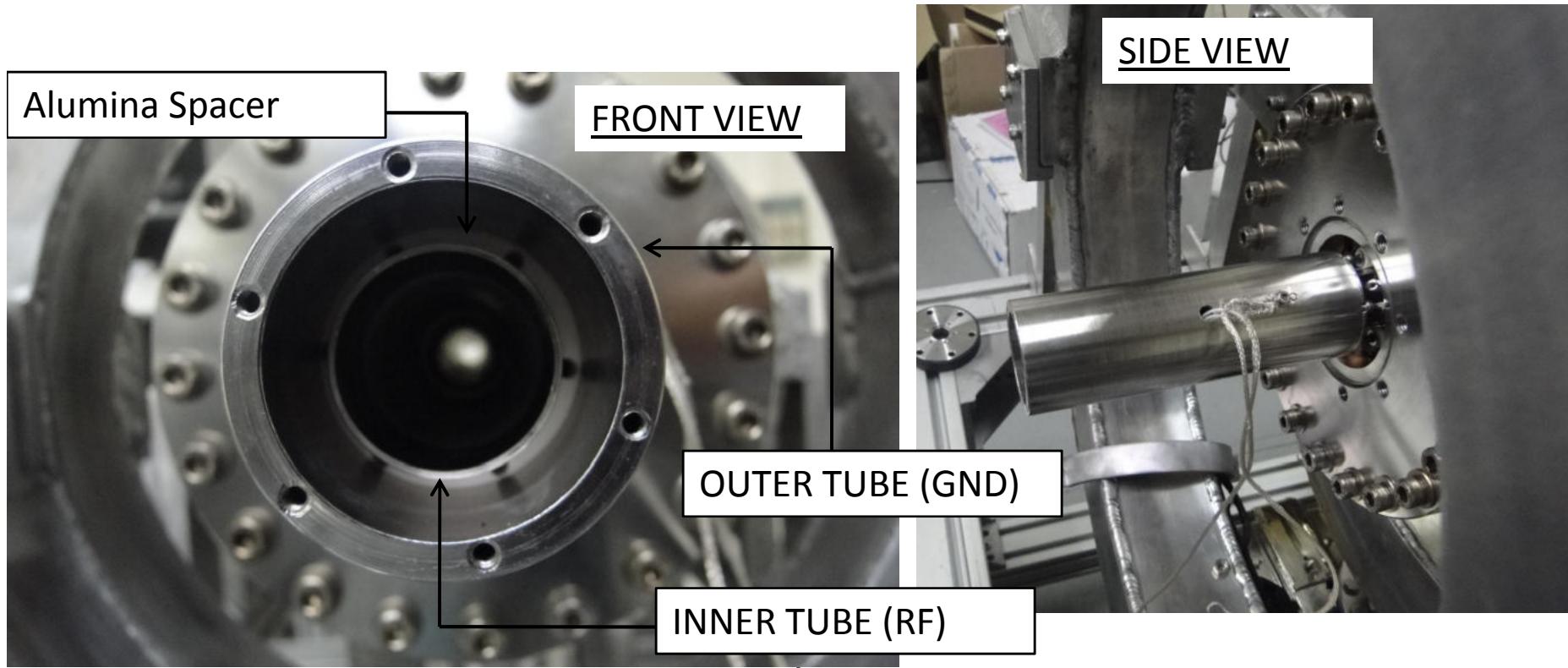


Masaki Maekawa, NIMB, Volume 270, 1 January 2012, Pages 23-27 ; S. Shrotriya , J. Instrumentation, 2021

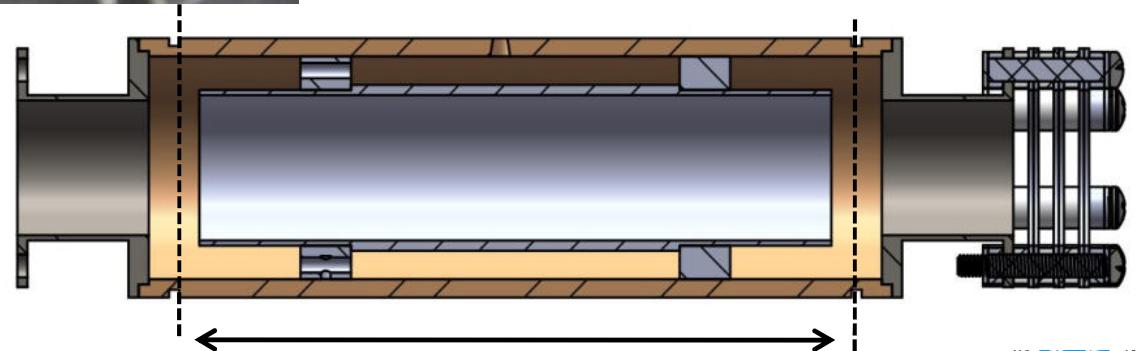
CHOPPER SPECTRUM



Prebuncher

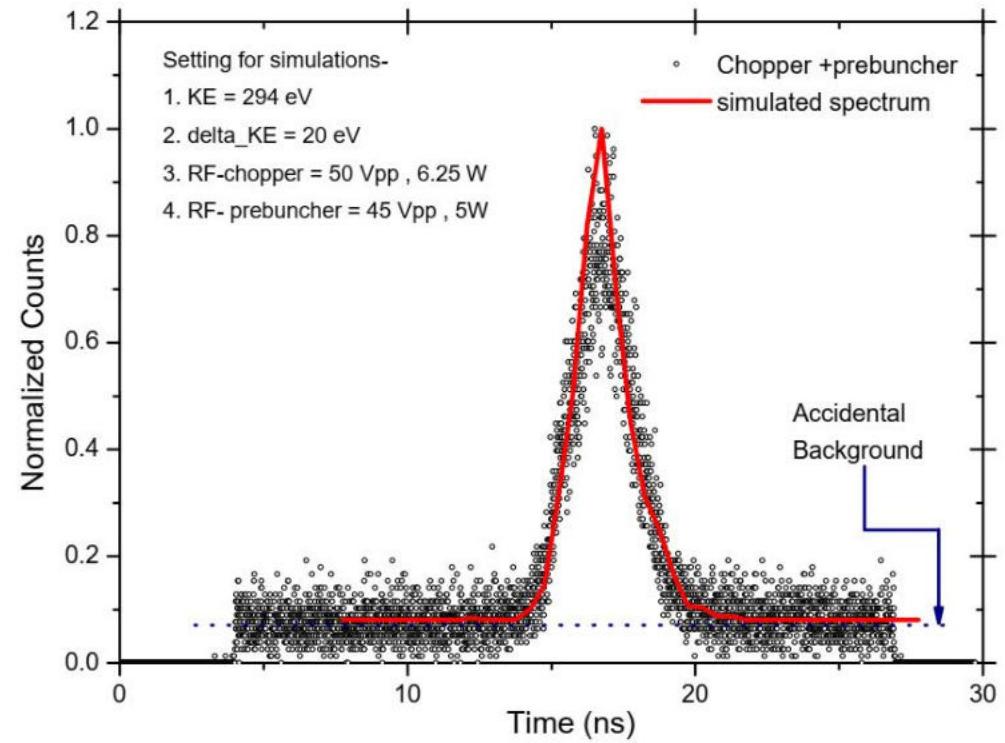
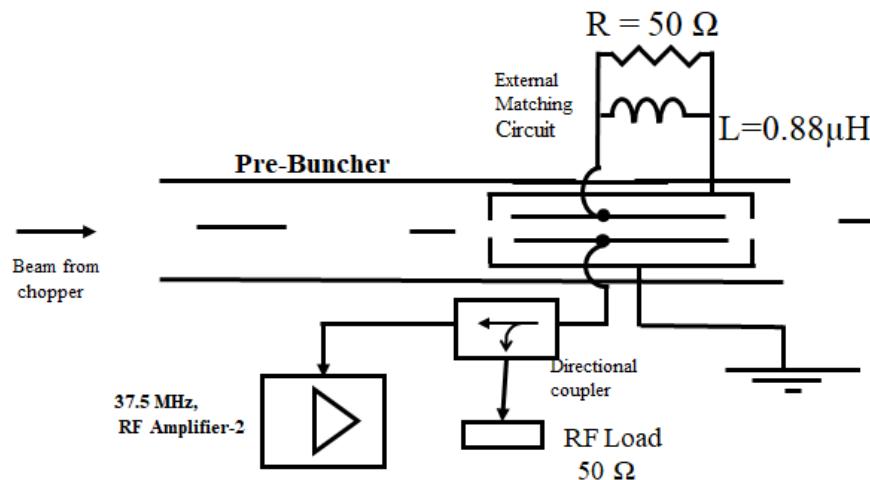


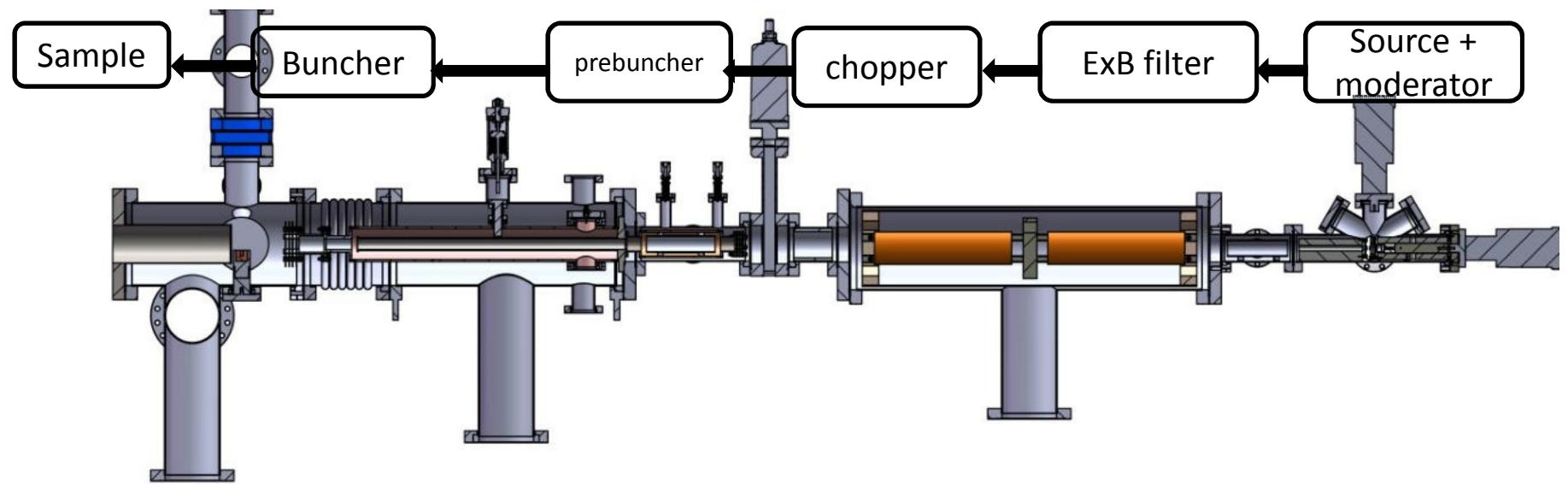
- ✓ Length of inner tube is the distance that particles travel in half time period
- ✓ Driven by 37.5 MHz sine wave
- ✓ Capacitive coupling



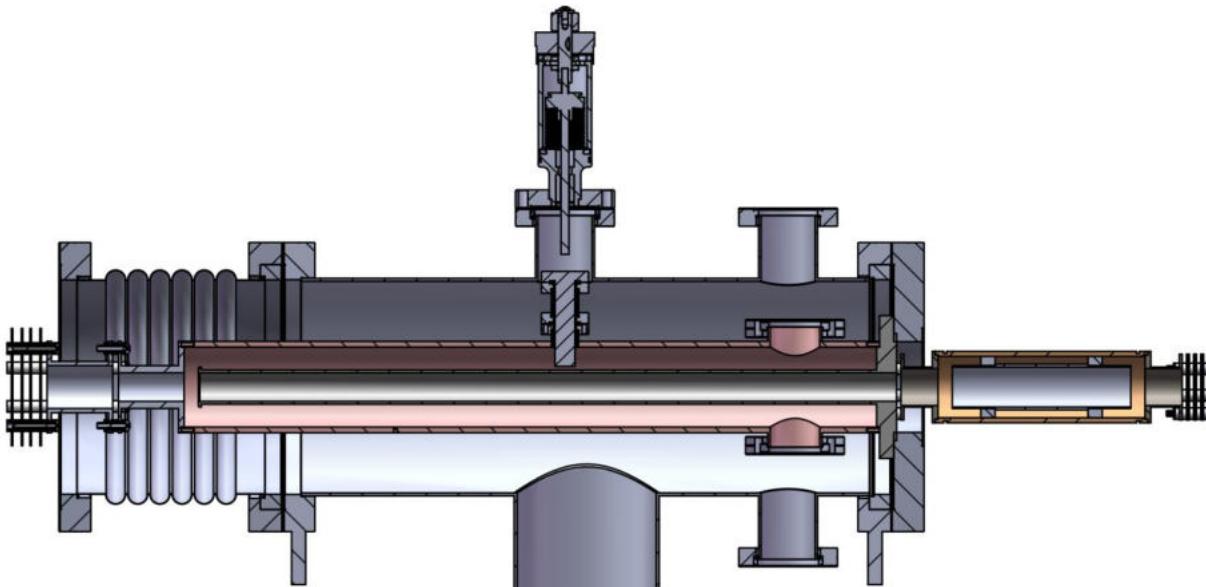
$$L = v * T / 2$$

Prebuncher Spectrum





BUNCHER ASSEMBLY INSIDE THE VACUUM CHAMBER



24 | 1 Introduction

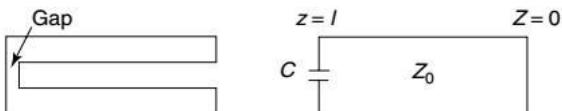


Figure 1.16 Coaxial resonator.

accomplished in practice with a coaxial line that has a gap at one end between the center conductor and the conducting end wall. An electric field suitable for acceleration may exist between the inner conductor and either the end wall or the cylindrical wall. Thus, beam holes can be introduced near the gap, allowing either a radial or an axial trajectory. Resonant modes correspond approximately to the length λ equal to an odd multiple of a quarter wavelength, the lowest mode being a quarter-wave resonator. Design formulas for the quarter-wave

DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS-

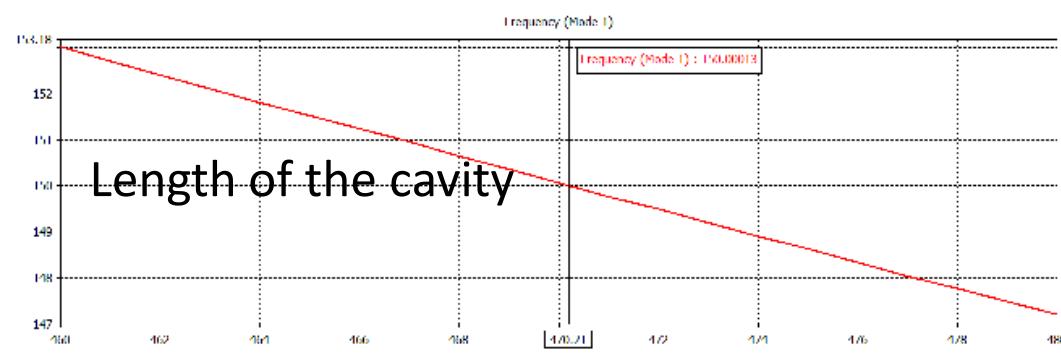
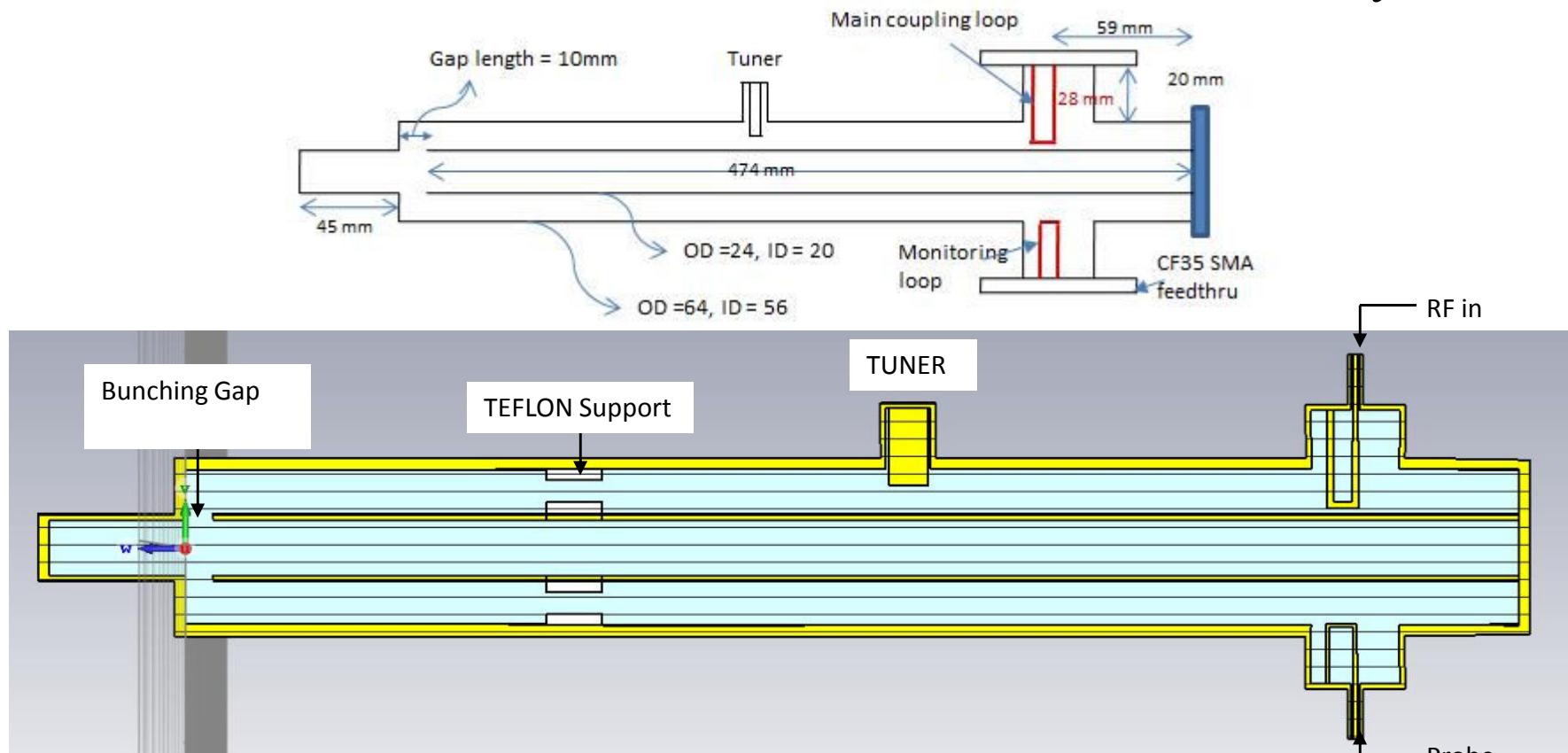
- Resonant frequency of 150 MHz is used.
High frequency is required to produce narrow pulses.
- since λ is $= c/f$, too small a frequency will result in big structure which are difficult to fabricate. Conventionally, for positrons and ion beams 100-200 MHz is chosen.

* RF Linear Accelerators, Thomas P. Wangler

PPC12.5 Saurabh Mukherjee mukherjees@barc.gov.in



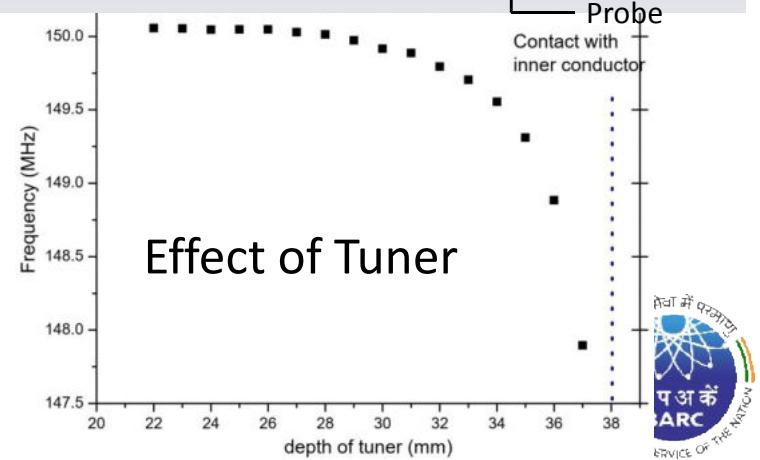
CST simulation of the buncher cavity



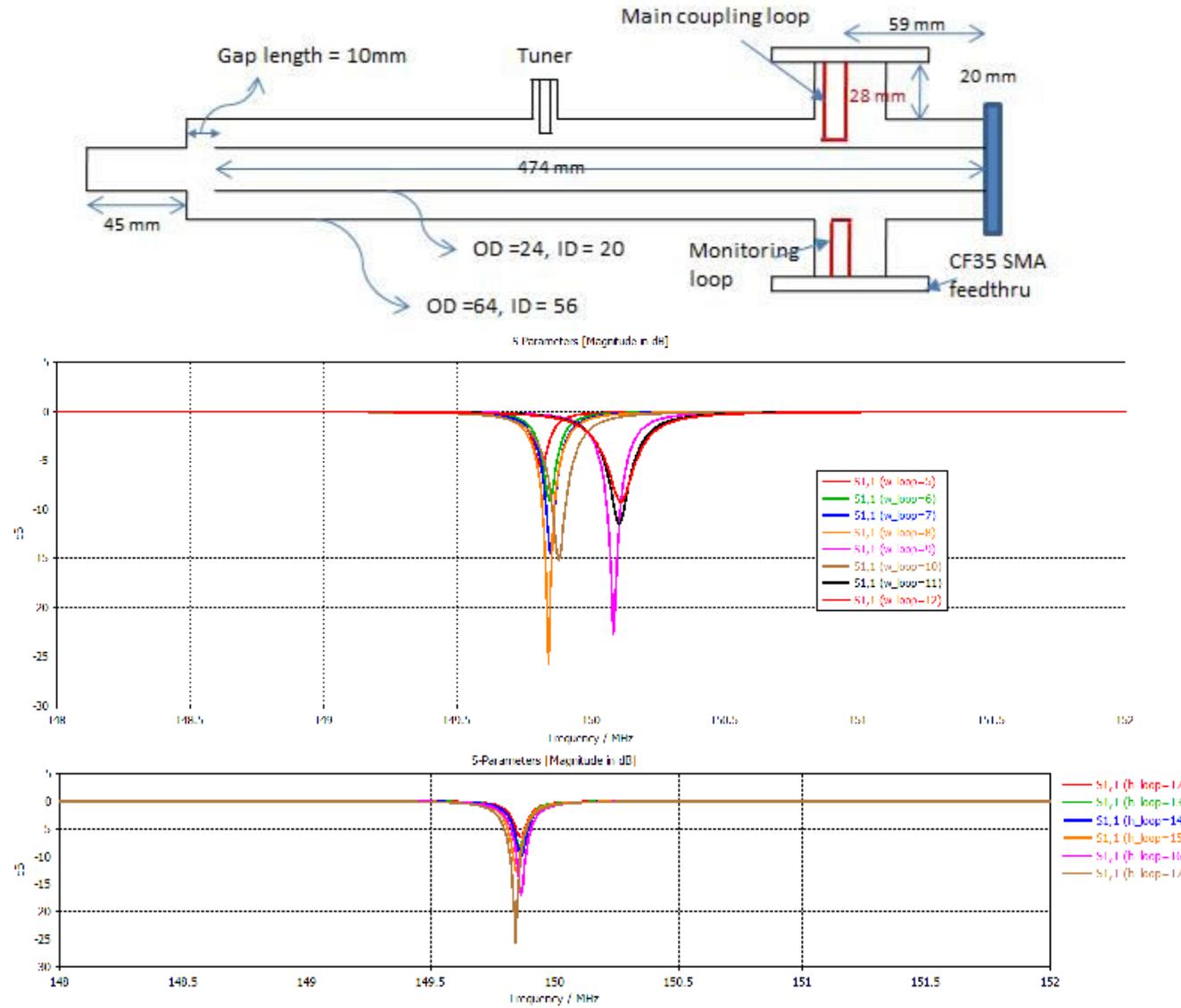
PPC12.5

Saurabh Mukherjee

mukherjees@barc.gov.in

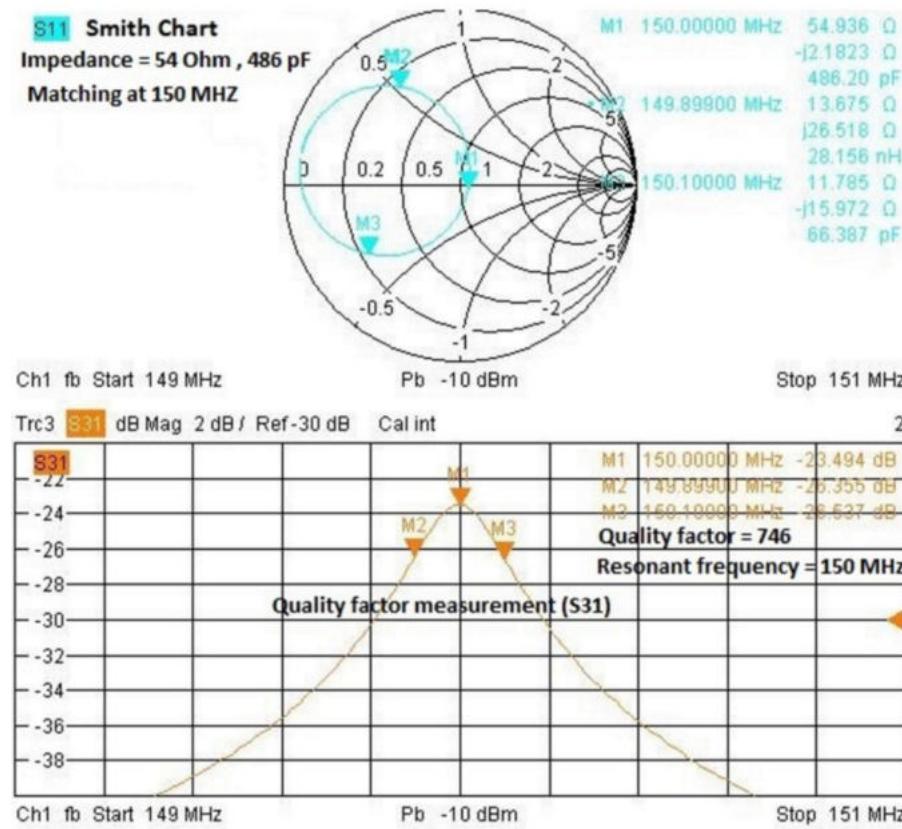


CST simulation - Design of the coupling loop- S parameters



* Shankar Lal, RRCAT, Indore

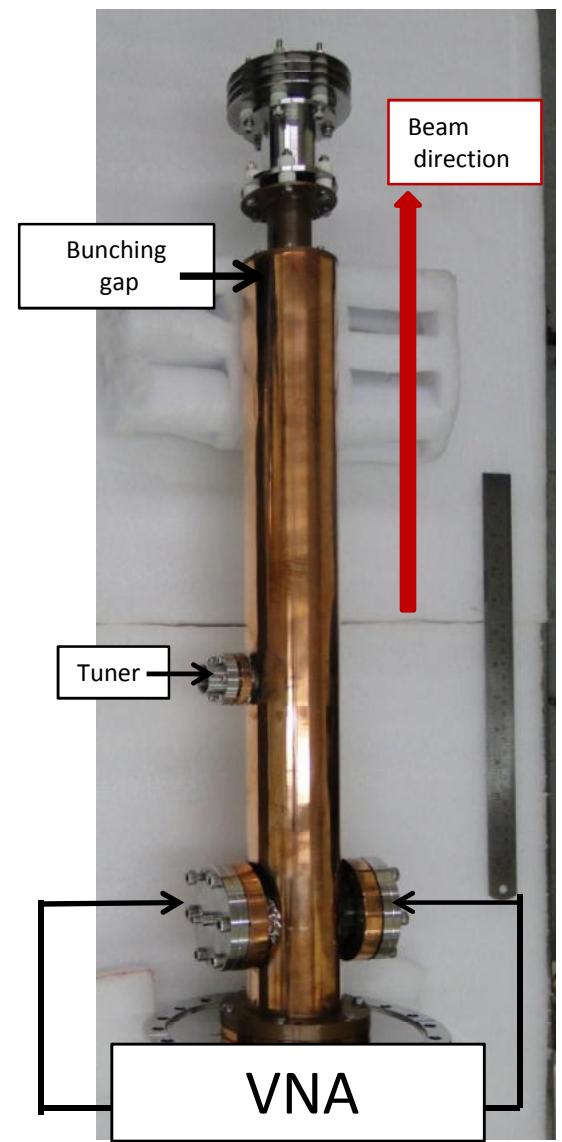
Characterization of Buncher Cavity-1



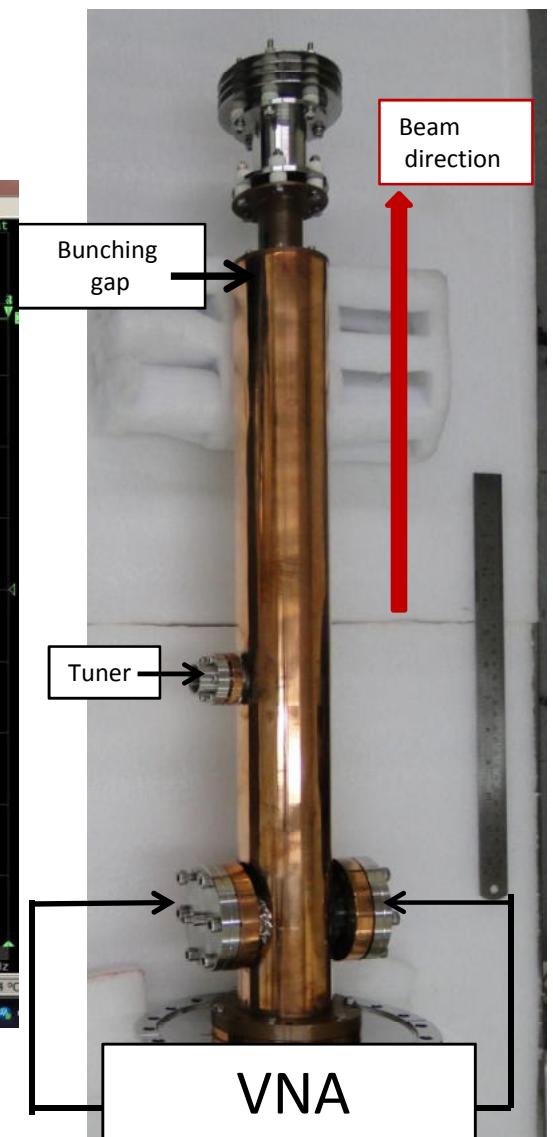
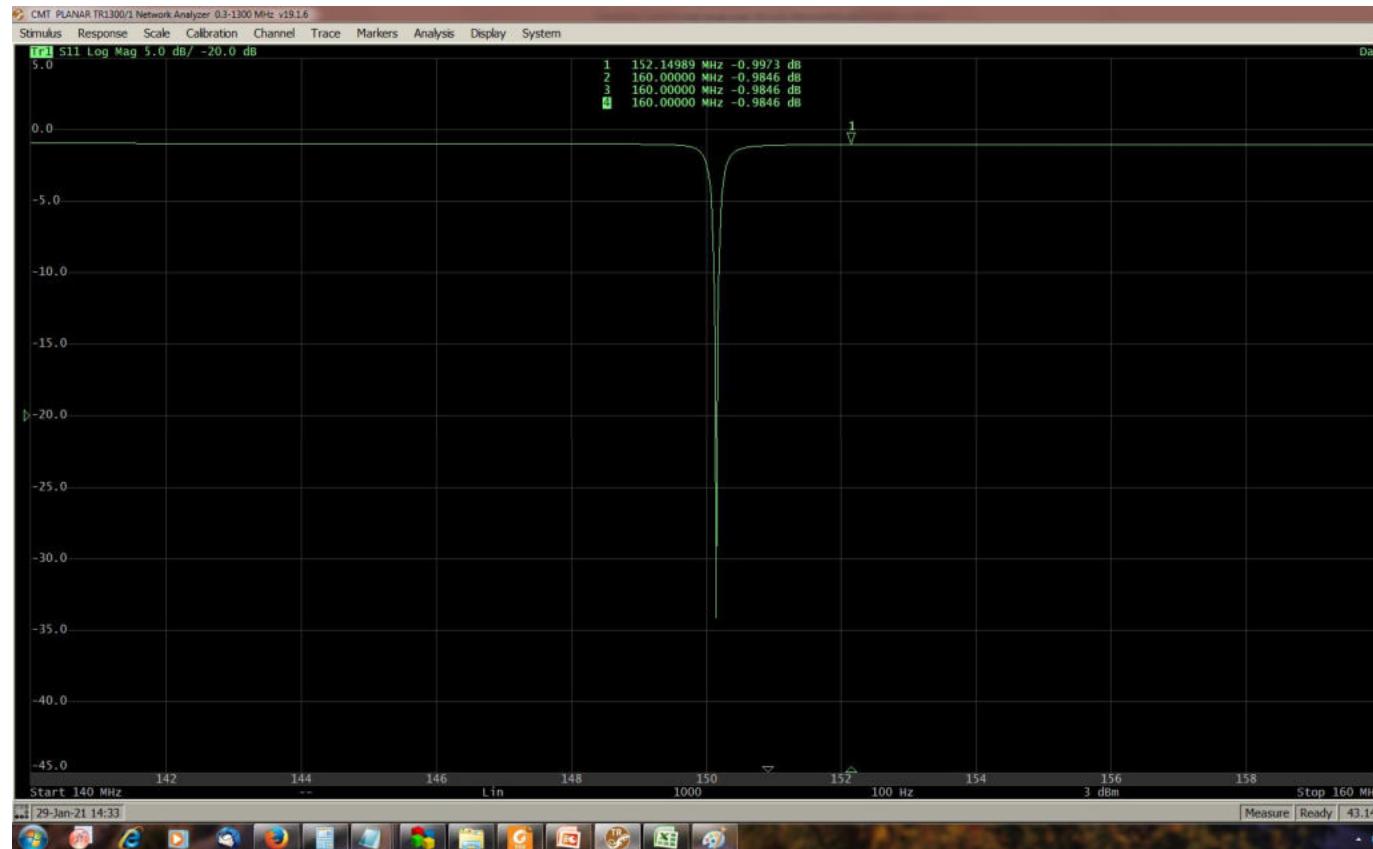
f_1 & f_2 = freq at 3 dB down
 $Q_{loaded} = 746$
 $Q_0 = 2 * Q_{loaded} = 1492$

* S.Shrotriya, Journal of Instrumentation, 2021

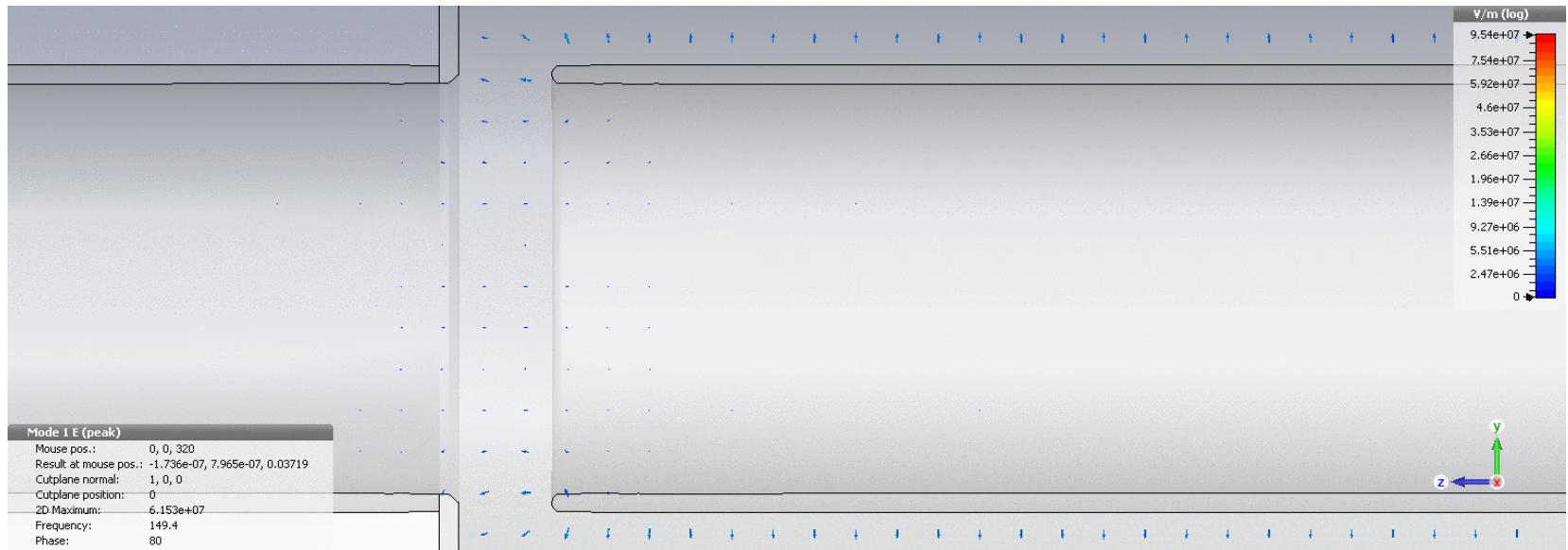
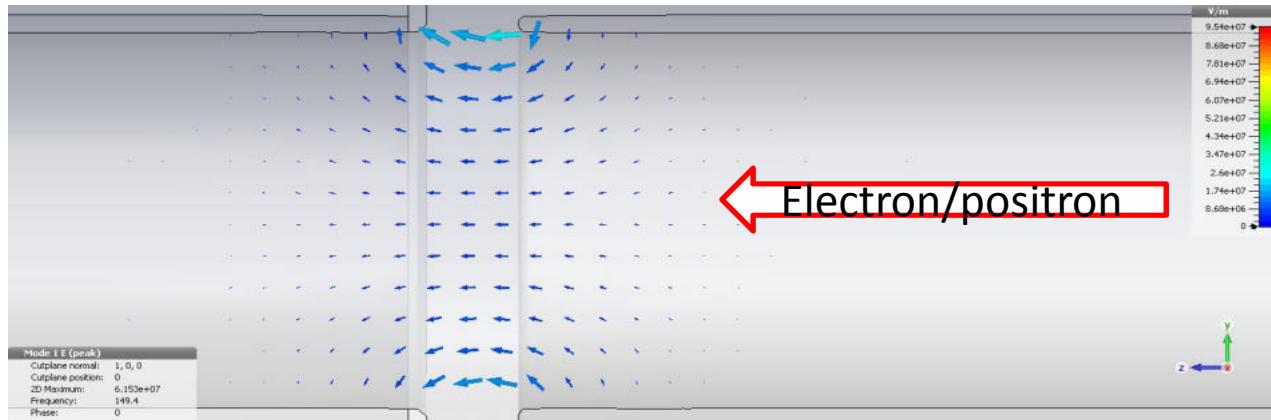
PPC12.5 Saurabh Mukherjee mukherjees@barc.gov.in



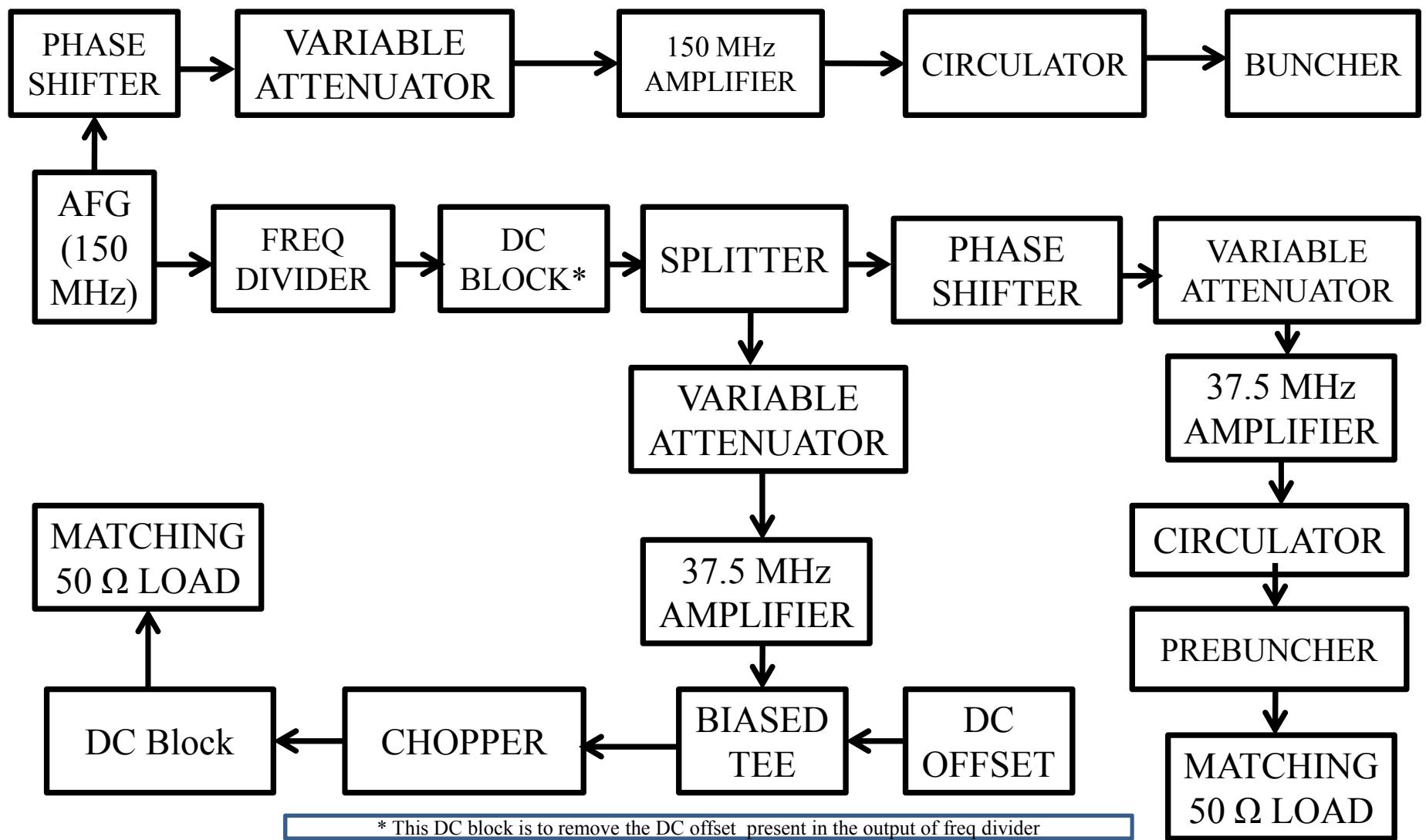
Characterization of Buncher Cavity-2- S11



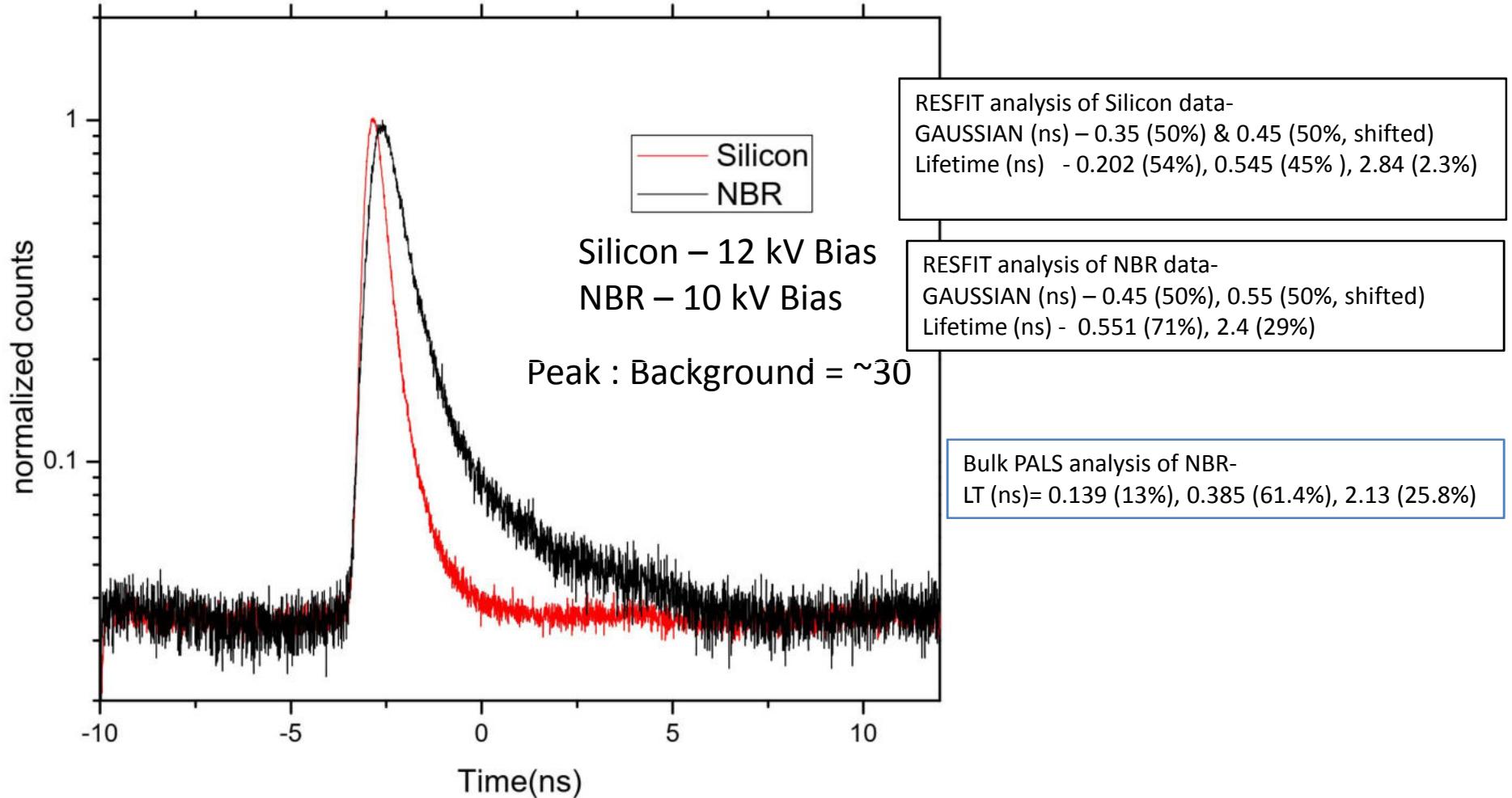
SIMULATION OF ELECTRIC FIELD IN A 150 MHz CAVITY- field at the GAP



BLOCK DIAGRAM FOR THE RF CIRCUIT



Comparison of Lifetime spectra of Silicon and NBR



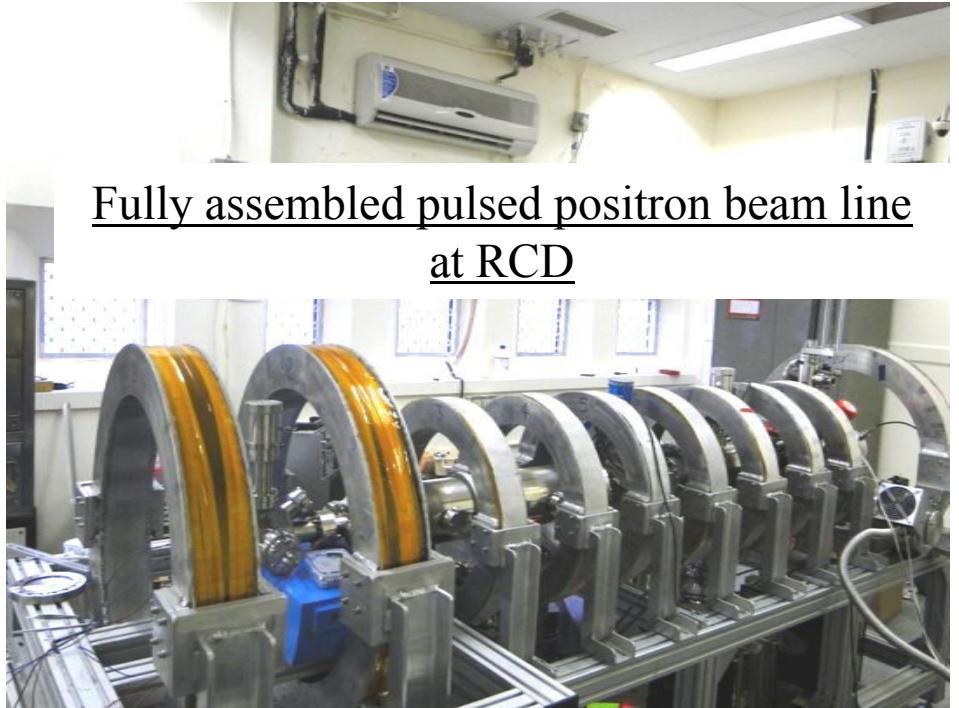
THANK YOU

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT-



Sandeep Shrotriya and Manjiri Pande – RF setup

❖ K.G. Bhushan – Electron Gun, Design Inputs



Fully assembled pulsed positron beam line
at RCD



BLANK